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JOB PRINTING.

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Rooms.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

A Republican Convention of the First Congressional District of the State of Wisconsin, composed of the counties of Kenosha, Racine, Waukesha, Walworth, and Rock, is hereby called to meet at the village of Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, on Tuesday, the 13th day of August, 1878, at 10 o'clock of that day, to nominate a candidate for Congress, for the district for the next ensuing year. Each Senate and Assembly District will be entitled to two delegates in the Convention.
Dated July 16th, 1878.

JOHN R. BENNETT,
A. D. THOMAS,
ELIHU ENOS,
T. G. FISHER,
W. E. REED,
Committee.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The Congressional Convention of the First District has been called to be held at Elkhorn on the 13th of August. We believe the Committee did a wise thing in naming the 13th. As a general rule, the earlier conventions are held, the better. Especially in this case this year when the issues in the campaign are of all importance, and when a vigorous contest will be made for the election. By having a comparatively early Convention the person nominated will have ample time in which to make the necessary preparations for the canvass. We do not believe the date will materially interfere with the engagements of those who will be chosen delegates from the rural districts. Two years ago it was held on the 9th of August, to which no objection was made.

For several years District Conventions have been held at Elkhorn for the reason that it is the most central point in the First District. Some of the Committee favored holding the Convention at Waukesha, and another at Racine, and in view of this fact it was judiciously decided to call it at Elkhorn which is the more convenient and central place for a majority of the delegates. We think this decision of the Committee will give general satisfaction to those who will attend the Convention as delegates.

From the present indications it seems that Mr. Williams will be renominated without scarcely an opposition. The several counties in the District concede the nomination to him. This is done in a spirit which commands due acknowledgments from Mr. Williams and his friends, and which is a credit to the Republicans of the District. At this particular time we need all the experience and ability in Congress the party can furnish. There is an important work for Congress to do and those who can already command an influence in the House, who are alive to the momentous questions at stake, and who understand the issues before the country and know how to meet them, are the men to send to Congress. Appreciating this fact, recognizing the special fitness of Mr. Williams, and fully endorsing his record in Congress, the Republicans will honor him with a renomination, and his election will be a triumphant one.

THE WHITEWATER NORMAL.

Ex-President Phelps, of the Whitewater Normal School, has written a letter to the Milwaukee Sentinel in which he explains his charges against Professors Rockwood and Salisbury, and also gives some bits of information regarding his own removal from the Normal School, which are of public interest. If Ex-President Phelps' statement can be taken as correct, the members of the Board of Regents should be discharged, and men more willing and capable of doing their duty, put in their place. Mr. Phelps says the motive of the charges against Rockwood and Salisbury was first to force the Board of Regents to an investigation of the difficulties alleged by them to exist in the School; and second to preserve that degree of subordination in a corps of teachers without which a school is a curse rather than a blessing to the State. The Board did not seem to be anxious to investigate, notwithstanding they knew of the rumors about concerning the "unhappy condition of things" in the institutions. The report that he was removed because "his methods were contrary to the system recognized by the Board," seem to be a very flimsy excuse. Mr. Phelps says his methods, those of plan of management, and reforms introduced and in successful operation at the time of his removal, were thoroughly discussed between himself and the appropriate committee of the Board and were unanimously adopted by the Board six months before his removal. The acting Chairman of the Teachers' Committee of the Board, in a letter dated January 7th, 1878, heartily congratulated Mr. Phelps "on the complete success of the plans and methods," and yet, between the 29th and 31st of the same month, Mr. Phelps says he was virtually removed from his position as President, "without a charge, a complaint, or a criticism of any kind, as to method, plan of management, incompetency, unworthiness or any other objection having been preferred, made or suggested." He was thus, in a secret session of the Board, dismissed the service of the State, without having an opportunity to defend himself, or in his own language he was "executed without an investigation."

The ways of the Board were past finding in this matter. Mr. Phelps, he says, preferred charges against the "inhomogeneous members of the faculty after the leading conspirator had refused to unite with me in a request to the board to come and make a thorough and impartial investigation into all the alleged difficulties." The Professor says that the request was repeated three times, and three times refused. This looks as if there was a conspiracy between some of the teachers and the Board, to oust President Phelps without giving him an opportunity

Sam Davis, the heroic engineer, who was plunged down an embankment near Appleton about two weeks ago, and was thought to have been fatally injured, will probably recover. When he was taken out of the wreck, it was supposed it was impossible for him to linger a day, but good care, skilful treatment, and remarkable fortitude, have insured his recovery.

The Mineral Point Tribune, a Republican paper, opposes the renomination of Hazleton in the Third District on the ground that he is a "machine politician." Probably Bennett's displeasure is created because the "machine" did not grind out an office for him.

The trial of steam wagons under the award of \$10,000 by the Legislature began at Green Bay to-day. Two wagons, at least, will be entered for the prize. They expect to go to Madison, and then Beloit via Janesville.

Sixty female clerks in the Patent Office were discharged on Monday, because the appropriation made by the last Congress was not sufficient to keep them employed.

The weather will give Anderson and Weber, a foretaste of what they may expect to experience hereafter.

The Potter Committee should meet in St. Louis. The Country would soon get rid of the disturbance.

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 22

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NUMBER 110

either to defend himself, or to sustain the charges against those whom they were preferred. The manner in which this whole matter has been treated by the Board, has been shameful.

There will be a contest for the Congressional nomination on the Democratic ticket in Milwaukee, between the present incumbent William Pitt Lynde, and P. V. Deuster, editor of the Bee Bote. Mr. Lynde has given very general satisfaction considering his politics. He is much respected by men of both parties in Milwaukee, and all acknowledge his excellent abilities as a lawyer, and his irreproachable moral character. During Mr. Lynde's three years in Congress he has taken quite an active part in the proceedings of the House, and has shown considerable influence. Mr. Deuster, it seems, has been long at work arranging matters for the nomination. He is what the Evening Wisconsin calls an old machine politician. He professes to be a hard money Democrat, but had no scruples on the question of heartily supporting Judge Mallory on one of the rottenest financial platforms ever made by a party in this State. The better class of Democrats prefer Mr. Lynde, and will work for his nomination.

The press has widely quoted the remarks attributed to Secretary Sherman that he thought Grant would be renominated in 1880. It seems the statement was a little too broad, and in an interview on Monday he said in substance that in the present state of public sentiment, under existing excitement over the possibility of the Democrats getting control of both branches of Congress, thus virtually renewing the Rebellion; that under these circumstances if the convention were to be held to-morrow General Grant would be nominated, but his election would not be certain; that, of course, related to the present, and had no reference to what may or may not occur two years hence. His remark has been criticised as indicative from one occupying his relations to President Hayes, but it cannot be so construed in the light of the fact that Mr. Hayes has repeatedly, and in various ways, made known his unalterable purpose not to be a candidate for re-election.

The Toledo Blade speaks directly to the point, and preaches unadulterated common sense, when it says: "When the people settle down to common righteousness and common honesty in money—when there is no more repudiation or inflation talk, and Communism is numbered among the night-mares of the past, we shall have cheap money and high labor, and plenty of both. But so long as labor and capital, instead of going on hand in hand to the upbuilding and development of the country, are angrily facing each other as antagonists, the present condition of things will exist. The cure for hard times is in confidence, honesty and co-operation of all the elements necessary to development. Any other path leads to destruction, certain and sure."

Appleton's Journal for August has been issued, and is a very characteristic number. Among the contents are Flora in a Garret, descriptive of artificial flower-making in New York; Up in the Blue Ridge, by Constance Fenimore Woolson; A Legend of Phrygia, a poem, by Thomas Dunn English; Voices of Westminster Abbey, by Treadwell Walden; My Miss Laura, a story complete by Mary A. Denison; Genius and Labor, by Junius Henri Browne; besides a number of other choice and instructive pieces. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

About Griffin, the Greenback candidate for Congress in the Sixth District, the Oshkosh Northwestern says: "To all who know him the idea of placing him in the position of a statesman is extremely ludicrous. He is so little known that probably not one man in ten in the city ever heard of him." Probably Griffin will think his \$2,000 has been tolerably well invested, even if should be defeated, by 5,000 majority. He will have gained \$2,000 worth of notoriety.

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RED-HOT!

A Frightful Record of the Effects of the Intense Heat in St. Louis.

One Hundred and Fifty Persons Overcome in One Day.

From Forty to Fifty of Which Prove Fatal.

And the Heat Increases from Two to Three Degrees Daily.

Persons of All Classes and Conditions are Among the Victims.

Frightful Scenes in the City Hospitals and the Morgue.

The Potter Committee Receive no Attention in New Orleans.

An Attempt to Oust United States Marshal Spooner, of Indiana.

Governor Smith and the Railroad Managers Exchange Views on the Tramp Question.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

THE HEAT.

A Frightful Record in St. Louis—One Hundred and Fifty Persons Overcome in One Day—Increase of Heat—Scenes at the City Morgue.

St. Louis, July 16.—The intense heat of the past week still continues, in fact increases one or two degrees daily, and has become really frightful. The number of prostrations to-day will reach fully 150, between forty and fifty of which have been fatal. The extra force provided at the City Dispensary, noted last night have been hard at work all day, and the skill and energy of all have been taxed to the utmost. A large number of cases to-day have been of persons overcome in their homes or places of business, and include people of all classes of society, and embrace men, women, and children. There are no signs of abatement of the heat, and the most serious apprehensions are felt by all classes of people for the result.

A reporter of the Globe-Democrat, by special courtesy of Coroner Auler, visited the Morgue. On the slab behind the screen could be seen but one body, that of an unknown male florist, found at the foot of Christy avenue, but as the water-spray was shut off and the reporter entered behind the screen, two more bodies, lying in plain view, were discovered. One of them, that of Anne Cooley (white), already blacker than the ace of spades, with purple features and wide open mouth, through which the gases of decomposition bubbled up. In a little room to the north of the keeper's office were some six corpses of persons stricken down with the heat. Two ladies and four men (one colored), all rapidly turning color, and presenting a most horrible sight, beneath the constant dripping spray. The undertakers were kept quite busy yesterday removing bodies, and the Morgue people, while they were not crowded so far as space was concerned, had all they could do to accommodate the rapidly swelling number of arrivals. Where it was necessary bodies were placed in ice, and although there were reports of offensive odor made by the residents of the neighborhood, the reporter failed to notice anything unusual for a Morgue.

CAPITOL NOTES.

The Indiana United States Marshalship—The Potter Fraud in New Orleans.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—There is a movement on foot here to oust General Bon Spooner, United States Marshal for Indiana. Not long since General Spooner was reappointed for a full term, and at the time there was a strong opposition to him among the Liberal Republican politicians of Indiana, on the ground that he was too much of a Grant man. He was successful, however, but soon afterward a charge was brought against him that there was an irregularity of \$30 in his accounts. He came on here and satisfactorily explained the discrepancy. The fight against him has been renewed because he is a "Stalwart."

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Private advices are to the effect that no respect or attention is being paid to the Potterites by the better classes of Louisiana people. Felix Anderson's correspondence with Mrs. Jenks has not all been given to the public. A few more of his epistles will be called out during the further progress of the investigation. In one of these Anderson advises Mrs. Jenks that she has the letter (the Sherman guarantee to Weber and Anderson), she had better give it to Senator Conkling or to General Butler, as they would place it where it would do the most good.

CONSULTATION.

Governor Smith Consulting With Wisconsin Railroad Managers Concerning Tramps.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 15.—This forenoon Governor Smith had an interview with Superintendent Olin, of the Western Union Division of the St. Paul road, S. S. Merrill, General Manager, and John C. Gaunt, Assistant General Manager, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, with reference to the tramp question; but, owing to the absence from Chicago of Manager Hughtitt, of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, no decision was reached. This afternoon another consultation was held, with the exception that there would be received by telegraph from Mr. Hughtitt, but the meeting was again without action. The managers of the Companies expressed a willingness to co-operate with the Northwestern in what

ever measures may be deemed best. They also expressed the opinion that it would be necessary to have the co-operation of the State and municipal authorities of Illinois and Wisconsin. The Governor left for Madison this evening, and it is possible he will act officially in the matter.

RUN OVER.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 15.—The headless body of William Egan, aged 23, was found on the railroad track this morning, four miles from the city. Egan was employed as a burner in the Milwaukee Cement Works, and was a master of his profession. He is supposed to have imbibed too freely of whiskey, and, unconscious of the danger, lay down on the track to sleep. Deceased came to this city recently from Louisville, Kentucky, and was well liked by his employers.

WAIT FOR THE WAGON.

The Steam Road Wagon Exhibition at Green Bay.

GREEN BAY, July 15.—The trial of steam road wagons under the award of \$10,000 by the Legislature begins to-morrow morning here. The wagons of Farron & Co., of Oshkosh, and E. P. Ceole, of this county, are on the ground. The Companies are expected in time for the contest. They go from here to Madison.

The thermometer in many parts of Wisconsin indicated a greater degree of heat on Sunday and Monday than it did in the extreme Southern States. On Sunday there were fifty cases of sunstroke in St. Louis, nineteen of which proved fatal.

Thomas A. Edison stopped in Chicago on Monday on his way Westward, and when interviewed he said he had about 150 patents. He says his new phonograph worked beautifully, in comparison with which the phonographs exhibited in the West, were of no account.

SECRETARY SHERMAN.

His Return to Washington, and what He Says of the Financial Situation.

WASHINGTON Dispatch to the Inter-Ocean, July 14.—Secretary Sherman conversed freely upon several topics this evening. He says that everything he did while in New York last week, and a great many things that were not done, were published in the news papers. Your correspondent is warranted in giving the outline of some of the interesting facts in relation to resumption mentioned by Mr. Sherman. We could resume to-day, but it would not be proper to do so. The law fixes the date when we shall pay coin for paper dollars. It means payment then, and not before then. It will be better to go along for six months, and let the people understand that this condition of things is real. Then a good effect will be felt, confidence will be restored, capitalists will come forward and invest their means, and manufacturing will revive. The premium on gold is merely nominal at one-half per cent. The sale of half a million of gold would break the market. A prominent broker in New York told me that 1,000,000 would knock down this premium. I believe gold will go down to three-eighths shortly, and soon thereafter to one quarter, which is nothing more than a broker's premium. The balance of trade is greatly in our favor, having reached \$50,000,000 last year. Our bonds have been called to return from Europe. They had been returning since the panic of 1873. 1,000,000,000 of our bonds were held abroad. Now not more than about \$300,000,000 are held there, and \$75,000,000 returned in two months during the silver agitation. All the bonds that have returned have been absorbed in this country—none went back to Europe. No more bonds will be sold. There is coin enough in the Treasury with which to maintain resumption. There is \$190,000,000, all told, or rather, we have, in round figures, \$123,000,000 in gold and silver, in the Treasury for resumption purposes; that is, exclusive of all coin obligations, consisting of coin, of coin certificates, bonds due, and interest on bonds, and is also exclusive of the subsidiary silver on hand.

Doctor Mary Again on Deck.

Dr. Mary Walker has left the hospital and appeared in Pennsylvania Avenue in a new suit of clothes. A Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial describes her as a ghost dressed in a nobby skirt and span new grey Knickerbocker, pink boots, pantaloons, long-tail coat, tall silk hat and white cotton gloves. It carried a small case in one hand and a small sunshade in the other; its long back hair was rolled up into finger puffs on its little head; it had a rose in its buttonhole and a glossy shirt-bosom, smooth as an eel over its feebly fluttering heart, and its necktie was "brilliantly, beautifully blue." There was undiminished pluck and determination in every fibre of the closely knitted frame, and the way these boot heels clicked on the curb meant business. A poor woman in a calico dress and sun bonnet with two barefooted children, dragged her along the street. Dr. Mary tripping jauntily by, had her physician's eye attracted by some ailment in the younger baby. She stopped and questioned, and then down went her hand into an inside breast-pocket, and out came a book, and from the book a pencil; and then the coat was unbuttoned and down went the hand into the breeches pocket, and out came a new wallet, and out of that a half dollar; prescription and half dollar were put into the woman's hand, and then the funny doctor buttoned up her coat trimly, lifted her hat, and went off. The woman stood still, craned her slim neck, pushed back her sun-bonnet, looked after the retreating coat-tails and went for the medicine.

A Mixture of Marriages.

New Bedford Mercury. We have become conversant with the particulars of a matter which may be called something of a double Enoch Arden affair. The principals concerned are or were residents of this city. It seems that a number of years ago, before the civil war, a certain man here, residing became jealous of the attentions which his wife was receiving from a fellow-boarder, an unmarried masculine, and abandoning her to him who seemed to be more decidedly her choice, went west. Years passed, forgetful of his connubial vows, and believing that it was not good for a man to be alone, he married and the wife dying, he tried again, with the same result, so that a few days ago he found himself a widower a second time. His thoughts then turned toward his former home and the wife whom he had forsaken. A short time ago he appeared in this city and found that in his

absence his other half had married and then buried the fellow-boarder, so that after considerable extra matrimonial experience, they once more were free, and it is probable will reunite and set up the family altar upon the original plan.

Perils of the Telephone.

The telephone may prove a dangerous matter for some folks. One of our leading merchants, whose home is not a thousand miles from Brooklyn, and who occasionally luxuriates in his leisure hours in mechanical and philosophical experiments, put up the other day an excellent telephone at his residence, connecting the parlor with the rear of the house. On a certain evening, while he was at work at one end of the instrument, there were a couple of young ladies being entertained in the parlor by the young ladies of the family, and one of them, whose wish may have been father to the thought, spoke—just for the fun of the thing, of course—at the instrument. The quiet old gentleman received at his end of the wire this complimentary message: "Old Mr. Watkins, isn't it most time you went to bed?"

The young sauce-bro in the parlor nearly jumped from the floor at the reply that came back: "Yes, Sir; and quite time you went home, young man—Editor's Drawer, in Harper's Magazine for August."

American Rifles.

From the New York World. Professor Goldwin Smith's theory that American manufacturers are only good at coarse work and that we must import the products of refined industry, has just sustained another severe shock. Mr. Humphrey, of last year's British rifle team, has been shooting this year with an American rifle and won the Cambridge cup (\$50) therewith. Lieutenant Colonel Fenton, of the same team, has recently bought a rifle in New York, and as several other members of the team supplied themselves, or made up their minds to do so, while they were here, we shall have to enter pretty soon that the British target contests hereafter will be decided by American guns. This is good news to the makers, but not so good for the managers of Creedmoor. An international shooting match in which both sides were armed with American guns would lose a considerable fraction of its interest by losing half of its internationality.

The Western Survey.

In pursuance of a systematic plan for the preparation of a topographical atlas of the entire area west of the 100th meridian, parties of this survey are now taking the field for the season of 1878 in Utah, New Mexico, California, Oregon, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, and Texas. The forces are divided into three sections, known as Colorado, Utah, and California sections, and consists of nine main and three astronomical parties. The total area proposed to be occupied during this season will be approximately 40,000 square miles. All the parties are well organized and thoroughly equipped. The field work will continue about five months, and if Congress makes funds perfectly appropriation available, a force can be kept in the southernmost field during the entire year.

Restful Nights, Days free from Torture Await the Rheumatic sufferer who resorts to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. That this benignant cordial and purgative is a far more reliable remedy than colic and other poisons used to expel the rheumatic virus from the blood, is a fact that experience has satisfactorily demonstrated. It also enjoys the advantage of being a gentle, perfectly safe, and with many persons a certain predisposition to rheumatism exists, which renders them liable to its attacks after exposure to wet weather, to currents of air, changes of temperature, or to cold when the body is hot. Such persons should take a wine glass or two of the Bitters as soon as possible after incurring risk from the above causes, as this superbly protective effectually nullifies the harmful influence. For the functional derangements which accompany rheumatism, such as colic, spasms in the stomach, palpitation of the heart, imperfect digestion, etc., the Bitters is also a most useful remedy. It is only necessary in obstinate cases to use it with persistency.

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning, will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual constiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, etc. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and a hundred more will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you. decided-weakness

LIST OF LETTERS (remaining unchanged) for in the Janesville, Wis., Post Office for the week ending July 15, 1878.

Brown, Mrs. Ella D. Riddell, Miss Fannie Smith, Mrs. Thos Taylor, Mrs. Fannie Vanhook, Mrs. Ida Kimball, Mrs. Nellie D. Ward, Miss Augusta McCray, Miss Jessie

Alden, J. T. Coriell, Abm Crawford, Nell Brown, Mrs. Thos Doonan, Wm Grace, Wm Grove, Alexander Carrington, Will Harding, Benjamin Harris, Wm H. McQuillan, James

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "Advertised," naming the date. H. A. PATTERSON, P. M.

WINDSOR OIL STOVE.

Absolutely safe combined with other improvements, makes the WINDSOR the only Oil Stove that any one valuing SAFETY and COMFORT will buy. The principle of the "Hydrostatic Column" supplied to the Stove and explosion is impossible. As fast as oil is consumed water rises under it, so there is no vacuum, consequently no gas escapes.

MISS G. M. GRISWOLD, Having bought the Millinery Stock, and taken the rooms formerly occupied by Mrs. Fritz, North Main St., I would be pleased to receive as many of her former patrons, and as many new ones as see it to call on me. Hoping by adding all novelties in the line as they appear, during this season to merit a share of the public patronage.

FOR SALE My residence, will take in exchange a smaller house, in part payment. This is a good chance to get a nice home. R. A. WOOD, CHANCE.

Published every Tuesday and Friday, at \$5.00 per year, in advance.

The Weekly Gazette

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
Is the largest Weekly newspaper published in Southern Wisconsin.

TERMS:
Per year, in advance, \$5.00
Six months, in advance, \$2.50
Address, GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

GROCERIES, &c.

VANKIRK, The Boss Grocer

NO. 23 MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.

His scales are true, his measures just. His goods are fresh, his mode of retailing is the best. To undersell him others must steal their goods or surely fail.

Appreciating the fact that during the next 90 days the Farmers of Old Rock will require a large amount of groceries, I have made ample provision to supply them at wholesale or retail at less prices than the same amount of goods can be bought at either in Chicago or Milwaukee markets.

My Stock is the Largest in the City And replete with everything found in a First Class Grocery.

It Is a Fact

That I am selling Tea lower than any other house in the State at Retail.

A fine new Japan 50 cents usually sold at..... 75
A fine Oolong 50 cents, usually sold at..... 80
A fine Gunpowder 50 cents, usually sold at..... 1.00
Standard A Sugar..... 10
Granulated Sugar..... 10
Choice Coffee green or ground..... 30
Dried Peaches..... 10
Dried Blackberries..... 10
Turkish Prunes..... 10
All other Groceries at corresponding prices.
Flag, Fine Cut, and Smoking Tobacco cheaper than ever offered before, as I have a Job Lot, I will not enumerate but will guarantee saving of from 5 to 15 per cent. to all buyers who will examine my stock and prices. Highest market price paid for choice Butter in tubs, also fresh Sausages, and other produce. Remember the place, directly opposite McKee Bros., Janesville, Wis. Address, Myres, respectfully.
W. F. VANKIRK.

Don't Forget

That we keep the B. J. M. & Co. T. Cracker (something like) The Best 50 cent New Crop Japan Tea, The German Mille Gramme Biscuits, The Matchless Fine Chewing Tobacco, The Celebrated Dobbins Soap, The Akron Cracked Wheat, And that we pay Cash.

CHOICE BUTTER IN SPRUCE TUBS

Prices warranted as low as the lowest, and all goods guaranteed just as represented or no sale.
Yours respectfully,
G. W. HAWES,
my21dandwly

NEW GOODS

I have just received from New York, the following choice goods: "Roses" Lime Juice, Raspberry Vinegar, American Breakfast Cereals, Oat Meal, Wheat and Barley Steamed Corned. A full assortment of Pickney & Jackson's Whole and Ground Spices; Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles and Sauces; REAID Olive Oil, Salad Dressing, and that we pay Cash.
Something New in the Way of Caramels For Summer use; also another supply of Wilson Packing Co. Canned Meats.
For sale at
J. A. DENNISTON'S,
49 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL READY!

Spring Trade!

REMOVAL

Isaac Farnsworth

Has this day removed the balance of his stock to the store of Mr. John Wingate, No. 39 West Milwaukee Street, where he will be pleased to see his friends, and all those desiring to secure bargains in Dry Goods will do well to call, as I am bound to close out the entire stock in a very few days, and in order to do so shall sell all goods very cheap.

FURNISHING GOODS

HATS and CAPS, Trunks and Traveling Bags is Complete.

Call and See My NEW PRICES.

J. L. FORD.

SHIRT PATTERNS

CUT TO ORDER. PRICE 50 CENTS. (sent 7days)

May the Best Win!

John H. Wingate has secured the Agency of the ADAMS & WESTLAKE WIRE GAUZE NON EXPLOSIVE

Oil Stove!

Which has been tested by three eminent Chemists, in Chicago, and pronounced absolutely safe under any and all circumstances, and is the only OIL STOVE

Recommended by the Board of Underwriters. This is the most expensive and the Highest Priced Stove in the Market! It is sold, and invite all interested to call in and examine it.

Oil Stoves

Are not now an experiment, being known by the public to be superior to Wood or Coal Stoves for

BAKING, BROILING, and IRONING.

REFRIGERATORS!

Very low. My stock of Ice Cream Freezers, Bird Cages, Flower Pots, etc., etc., very low and cheap.

House Furnishing Goods,

Never was better, and I am selling at bottom prices.
JOHN H. WINGATE,
39 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.
delivered

From	To	Time
From Monroe	Chicago	8:00 a.m.
From Chicago	Monroe	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	Madison	8:00 p.m.
From Madison	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	Rockford	8:00 p.m.
From Rockford	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	Peoria	8:00 p.m.
From Peoria	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	St. Louis	8:00 p.m.
From St. Louis	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	St. Paul	8:00 p.m.
From St. Paul	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	Minneapolis	8:00 p.m.
From Minneapolis	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	Des Moines	8:00 p.m.
From Des Moines	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	Omaha	8:00 p.m.
From Omaha	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	Portland	8:00 p.m.
From Portland	Chicago	8:00 p.m.
From Chicago	San Francisco	8:00 p.m.
From San Francisco	Chicago	8:00 p.m.

THE KERNONSON GHOST.

The Apparition that is Startling Ulster County, New York.

A dispatch from Kernonson, New York July 12, says: Ulster county seems to be a favored neighborhood for ghostly visitations, and other things of a supernatural nature. The wide-spread excitement last winter regarding the Dunn dwelling which for a long time was believed by many credulous persons to be haunted, has already been followed by another similar sensation. Unlike that of old man MacDonald, the prevailing ghost does not confine itself to a particular dwelling or spot, but haunts a whole neighborhood. The locality alleged to be haunted by this ghost is a small hamlet called Kernonson, situated at the foot of the Shawangunk mountains, in a remote part of the town of Rochester, and called Legtown. In this neighborhood lives a family by the name of Rose, the head of which, Louis Rose, died some months since. "Old man Rose" as his neighbors called him, was a remarkably eccentric character. A scold at the christian religion, and a blasphemer in no small degree, he despised all religious instruction up to the day of his death, and entertained a contempt for ministers of the gospel which he could not conceal. He repeatedly informed his family that he did not want a preacher to officiate at his funeral. He looked upon eternal punishment as the penalty of his disobedience and impiety with anything but fear. He was an illiterate old fellow, intellectually incapable of indulging in philosophical speculation on any subject. But there was one fear which constantly haunted Rose, and which, in spite of his storied nature, he could not conquer, and that was a terror of being buried alive. About a year ago Rose was seized with his last illness. On his death-bed he raved and cursed, but because calm in his last moments, and called his wife to his bedside and said: "Wife I'm going to die. Satan is after me. I fear the rattling of his chains. But I promise you, if I can break away from him I will come back." Still haunted with the fear of premature burial, he concluded with the request that this body be kept eight days before being buried, and he desired to have it thrown out on the fields after that length of time to be eaten up by the crows. This request, however, regarded to a certain extent, strange as it was, but having no means to preserve the body, decomposition set in almost immediately after death, and the turgid and discolored corpse, which emitted a stench that it was scarcely possible to bear, was interred on the fifth day. The promise of Rose to come back if he could break the chains of Satan was known only to his family for a long while, and certainly nothing more unlooked for than its fulfillment, for as much given to superstitious notions as the people of remote regions usually are, those doubting that Rose had been taken care of, and so not a thought was given to the matter. But that he has come back is very generally believed by the community. His ghost first appeared, it seems, one night recently when it was met on the open highway by a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. The ghost, he affirms, was standing with his face toward him, not ten feet away, and as there was bright moonlight at the time, he is positive that he could not have been laboring under a delusion. Besides, he had been acquainted with Rose for years, and the personal appearance of the deceased was such as to make his identity certain under almost any circumstances. He did not speak to the apparition, because it vanished before he had an opportunity to do so. On a subsequent occasion Rose appeared to another resident of the community, and he, too, spoke to him. At another time a lady living in the neighborhood asserts that the ghost of the departed was seen in her home, and she is willing to testify to her own eyes. Together the apparition has been seen on five different occasions, by as many different persons.

She Failed.
The other day, soon after a Congress street woman had decided to build a big strawberry short-cake for supper, she heard the musical voice of a peddler crying in the wilderness:
"Great big strawberries—eight cents a quart—three quarts for twenty-five cents!"
"Nothing like taking advantage of discounts," said the woman as she ran for a dish, and in five minutes she had her three quarts of berries and the peddler had her silver quarter.
Time passed on. She sat in a rocking-chair looking over the luscious fruit, when all of a sudden she turned pale and began breathing hard. It was not a case of heart disease or spinal meningitis, nor had a new wrinkle suddenly developed itself on her forehead. She had simply figured:
"Eight cents per quart—three quarts for twenty-five cents—three times eight is twenty-four!"
Her son came in just as she had slipped a revolver into her pocket and tied her bonnet stings into a square knot, and when he asked her where she was going she solemnly replied:
"Harry, I am going out to kill a strawberry peddler—a severe, sorry hypocrite and deceiver who gave me whole-sale rates on these berries. If I don't get him I shall engage three lawyers and be at the Central Station in half an hour!"
But the strawberry man had passed on—had sought other shady and innocent neighborhoods, and she returned to her darkened home with a toothache under her ear and her heart beating at 115 degrees in the shade.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Saratoga Diamonds.
Ell Perkins in New York Graphic.
Since they have discovered diamonds in Africa they are getting too common in Saratoga to be even noticed. A lady here from Buffalo, purporting to be young and fascinating, wears finger-ring diamonds in her hair. A Chicago lady alleged to have lived with her present husband two weeks without getting a divorce, wears diamonds dress buttons, and even one of the colored waiters—an African, too, right from the mines—showed me a diamond in his carpet-bag weighing thirty-seven pounds, which he offered to sell me in the rough for \$4, a clear indication that even the Africans do not appreciate the treasures they have found.
This morning a lady from Old City went into a diamond store under the hotel and she desired to purchase a diamond.
"I understand sardine diamonds are the best," she said, "please show me some of them."
"Here is a nice sardine," answered the diamond-man. "How do you like it?"
"Pretty well," said the lady, revolving it in her fingers. "It shines well, but are you sure it is a sardine?"
"Why, of course, madame."
"Well, now, if you will warrant it to be a sardine—a real sardine—why, I don't mind changing some gold beads for it."
The diamond-man was willing to warrant the diamond to be a sardine, but proposed to exchange it for money. And that lady, all dressed in beautiful silk and lace cut on a bias, absolutely refused to go in the ball-room with her loving husband last night because her jewels did not match her pointers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Do You Want to Increase Your Trade, or Build Up a New Business?
IT PAYS
TO LET PEOPLE KNOW WHAT YOU HAVE TO OFFER. THIS CAN BE DONE BY THE LARGEST AND MOST EFFECTIVE MEANS. NEWSPAPERS REACH MORE PEOPLE AT A LESS EXPENSE THAN ANY OTHER MEANS OF COMMUNICATION. HENCE AN ADVERTISEMENT THAT CAN BE GIVEN THE MOST EFFECTIVE AND ECONOMICAL MANNER. PAPER IS THE SURGEST WAY TO DEVELOP YOUR BUSINESS.
TO TRY FOR SUCH
A REWARD
SEND FOR A COPY OF OUR STANDARD LIST AND LEARN WHAT AN IMMENSE CIRCULATION YOU CAN GET FOR A SMALL SUM.
GEO. F. ROWELL & CO., SPRINGFIELD, N.Y.
N. B. On every order for this list we will give you one free of charge.

THE KERONSON GHOST.

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RUBBER

Boots, Dress Shields, Belting, Sheetings, Corks, Glove Cleaners, Hose, Calf Pans, Shawl Pins, Tubing, Pants, Sleeve Buttons, Beds, Leggins, Vest Chains, Pillows, Hats, Guard Chains, Cushions, Caps, Earrings, Bags, Blankets, Napk'n Rings, Pencils, Gloves, Toothing Hinge, Buttons, Mitts, Brackets, Lockettes, Diapers, Bibs, Thimbles, Match Boxes, Cigar Cases, Piano Covers, Organ Covers, Mirrors, Horse Covers, Dolls, Trotting Rollers, Wringers, Rattles, Interfering Strap, Toys, Carry Cases, Nipples, Tumbler, Soap Sponges, Umbrellas, Rackets, Chair Ties, Mating, Spoons, Finger Gots, Etc., Etc.

Leather Belting, Table and Carriage Oil Cloths.

At Lowest New York Prices.

Wholesale and Retail.

Goodyear Rubber

COMPANY,

J. S. SUTHERLAND, Agent.

370 East Water St., Milwaukee.

Branch of the Goodyear Rubber Co., New York.

Send for Price List.

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WE SHALL MAKE A REDUCTION

Monday, July 8th, Make a Reduction

Ten Per Cent.

IN OUR

Merchant Tailoring Department!

And produce better made garments than can be procured elsewhere

in Janesville. Improve the opportunity while you can, as we are

simply exchanging an old dollar for a new one.

Ready Made Summer Coats 25 Cents. Straw Hats at all Prices.

M. C. SMITH & SON

Clothiers, Tailors, Hatters and Furnishers.

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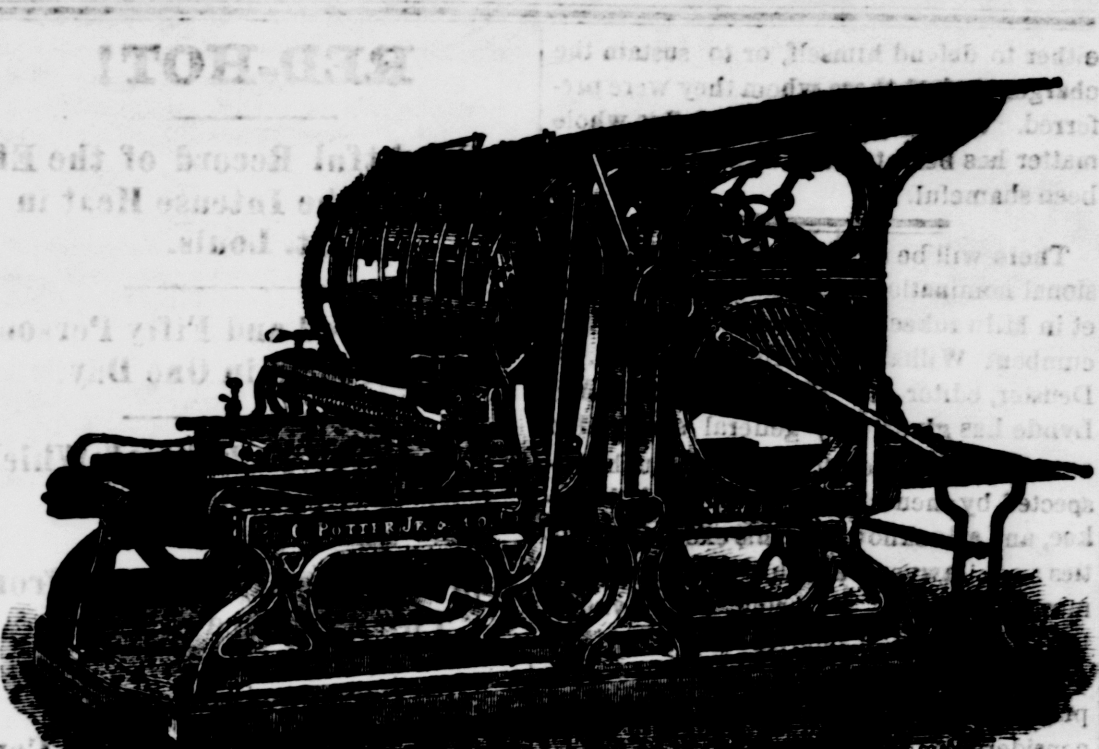
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JANESVILLE GAZETTE



Newspaper and Job Printing Establishment.

Various Extensive and Important Improvements

have recently been completed in the material of the office.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

For Sale

A 260 ACRE FARM

About 3/4 miles west of the City of Janesville.

Soil unsurpassed. Buildings first class. Enquire

of A. M. Moore, real estate agent, Janesville, Wis.

July 16, 1878. j16dewly

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RAILROADS.

GRAND HAVEN ROUTE!
Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad
THE
SHORTEST, CHEAPEST
And Quickest Route to the

STEAMSAIPS LEAVE DAILY, - Gold
Saturdays excepted,
Milwaukee, - depart 7:30 pm

Detroit, - arrive 12:25 p m
Niagara Falls, " 6:20 p m
Buffalo, " 8:30 p m
New York, sec. day 10:20 a m
Boston, " 2:40 p m

- State rooms free on Steamers.

Only one night on the cars between Milwaukee and New York, Boston and principal eastern cities.

SAVING \$3.00
in railroad, and \$3.00 sleeping car fare, 100 miles
in distance.
Tickets on sale at all principal ticket offices in
the northwest, at Company's office, 326 Broadway,
and at Dock office, adjoining Union Depot, Mil-
waukee.
HARRY SHADOFF
Passenger and Ticket Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.
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MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL

Railway.

—

On and after Monday, May 28th, trains will
leave and depart from this station as follows:

Trains Arrive.

from Monroe.....	8:30 a. m.
from Prairie du Chien.....	1:40 p. m.
from Chicago, Milwaukee and East.....	4:45 p. m.
from Chicago, Milwaukee and East.....	7:45 p. m.

Trains Leave.

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East.....	8:35 a. m.
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East.....	12:10 p.m.
For Madison, Prairie du Chien and St. Paul.....	3:40 p. m.
For Monroe.....	7:25 p. m.
For Monroe, Freight.....	4:40 a. m.

The 8:35 train arrives in Milwaukee at 12 a. m., and leaves for Janesville and Monroe at 4 p. m.

WM. B. MOYER,

A. V. E. CARPENTER.

General Pass. Agent. [redacted]

UNIVERSAL PASSENGER ROUTE

LAKE SHORE

—A/N D—

MICHIGAN

SOUTHERN

Southern Railway

The Only All Steel Rail
DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE
—FOR—
New York,
Boston

- A N D -
L EASTERN POINTS !
Without Franchise or Transfer. Direct Connections at

With the
New York Central and Erie Railways
F. E. Monan,
Gen'l Western Agt. Chicago.
WILLIAM J. DAVIS,
Asst't Gen'l Western Pass. Agt. Chicago.
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Great Central Route

The only Route East, via
NIAGARA FALLS.
Michigan Central

**Great Western
RAILWAYS
and Connections**

**ROUGH FULLMAN CARE TO NEW YORK CITY WITH-
OUT CHANGE.**
Our Express Trains leave Chicago daily, ex-
cept Sundays. Sunday Express leaves at 8:45 p.
m.

NEW YORK, BOSTON
And all Eastern Points.

Fullman Cars run daily between Chicago and New York without change. Cars connect at Grand Trunk Junction near Detroit, with the **Grand Trunk Railway.**

local points in Canada, New York and New England. Passengers from Western Roads holding through tickets are transferred free of charge to Michigan Central depot in Chicago. Through tickets can be purchased at all office connecting roads in the west. In Chicago, at general office, where sleeping car accommodations can also be engaged.

General Passenger Agent.

BRIEFLY.

—Keep busy.
—No use of starching clothes.
—The last son of the mercury was in the clouds over the corner of Lippin's block.

—The experience of Two Days in the County is the title of a new pamphlet published by the author of which is a local drug clerk.

—Little May Thomas will probably walk in Beloit one week from next Saturday, parties acting in her interest being now about to complete arrangements for that date.

—Robbins the driver of the Beloit stage lost one of his horses last night. The tired speed dropping down, overcome with heat, and expiring soon after, when within about a mile and a half from Beloit.

—Will Lawrence as he is familiarly called by his old Janesville friends, and who is principal of the Milwaukee High School, is in the city visiting, and will remain probably four or five weeks. He is heartily welcomed back to the scenes of his boyhood.

—Frank M. Palmer, who is engaged in Dr. McCauley's dental rooms, had a partial sunstroke yesterday afternoon. He was out of his head most of the night but today is feeling better, and will not probably suffer any very serious effects from the stroke.

—Dag King and Joe Doe Jr., yesterday were down to the scene of the murder and returned last evening. The facts which they learned fully corroborated the report given in the Gazette last evening, by the Gazette's representative who was at the inquest Sunday.

—In the musical recital given by Miss Battle and her pupils last evening, the following pupils participated: Miss Little Waid, Miss Sara Johnson, Miss Clara King, Miss Conant, Miss Emma Baldwin, and Miss Anderson. The programme was a good one, and the pupils did themselves and their instructor credit.

—Mr. George Irish, in the employ of Rogers & Hutchinson, was painting a wooden awning over the Centennial bakery on East Milwaukee street this forenoon, when he was overcome with the heat, and suffered a partial sunstroke. He is now rapidly recovering from the effects of the heat and says he feels all right except a little weak.

—Dr. Philgren will lecture at Lippin's Hall tonight on "Quack Doctors." So many have come from time to time been duped by some of those travelling frauds that it will be a satisfaction, doubtless, to many to have some of the tricks of the trade exposed. The lecturer is said to abound in wit and humor, and the lecture has created quite a sensation wherever delivered.

—The quarterly meeting of the trustees of the Fire Department was held at the west side engine house, last evening, but, excepting the acceptance of the resignation of Trustee J. A. DeBastion, who has represented the Fire Company in the board for the past six years, no other business was transacted, it being deemed too warm to enter into a discussion of matters to be brought up. The trustees adjourned until the time for the next quarterly meeting.

—Do not forget the game of ball to-morrow between the Rockfords and the Janesvilles. The former is probably the best club that will visit this summer, having one of the best curve pitchers in the country, and a first-class nine to back him up. Covered seats have been erected on the grounds and there is no cooler place in the city to spend an afternoon. Turn out and encourage the amateurs who are doing their best to represent Janesville in the base ball line.

—The Bower City Band found their rooms last night too warm for practice and so adjourned to the park where they gave a fine open air concert. The park was the strolling ground and lounging place for quite a number of people who gladly welcomed the music. There is considerable talk about building a good band house. One citizen proposes to be one of eight to build the house. It is to be hoped that it will not end in talk. Such open air concerts would serve occasionally as a happy relief on these hot summer evenings.

—J. B. Vaughn, has during the few months of his stay in Janesville, gained rather an unenviable notoriety. His last appearance in print was as the accuser of a Milwaukee girl, who he claimed had stolen a watch and value from him. She was stopping at his house, and his wife was away. For some time past there has been more or less complaint about his house which is on Main street opposite the shoe factory. The neighbors claim that it is a disorderly house and on this charge Vaughn was arrested last night, and locked up. This morning he appeared before Justice Richardson, and gave \$250 bail to appear for trial next Friday.

—A movement is on foot to organize a company of veterans who have seen actual service, and who shall be kept here strictly for the protection of the city, and not sworn in as State militia. It is claimed that thirty names are already secured, and that some of the merchants express their willingness to pay for uniforms, provided the company will furnish their own arms and accoutrements. Whether the organization will be perfected or not remains to be seen. Meanwhile the master rolls of the company which proposes to enlist as State militia are receiving signatures, so there is a possibility that Janesville will have two companies.

THE WEATHER.

The thermometer at 7 o'clock this morning stood at 81 degrees above and at 2 o'clock at 95 degrees above. One year ago to-day at corresponding hours the thermometer stood at 89 and 99 degrees above. The indications are for the upper lake region, and upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, generally clear weather, followed by increasing cloudiness and rain, warm southerly, veering to colder north-west wind, falling followed by rising barometer. A decided fall in temperature is entering the United States from Manitoba.

THE CONFESSION!

Dickinson Makes a Clean Breast of the Mack Murder.

He Says Mrs. Mack First Dragged and then Clubbed Her Husband.

The Premises to be Searched and the Body Examined.

A Horrible Tale.

The Mack murder continues to be a theme of general talk. The publication of the details in last evening's Gazette caused considerable stir in town, as many on learning the particulars remembered Mack as a man who frequently visited this city, and a man quite well known in this county. The Gazette intimated last evening that Mrs. Mack would be arrested and so it proved. The funeral services of the murdered man were held yesterday afternoon, as stated last evening, and in accordance with the general expectancy as the close of the service, Mrs. Belinda Mack, the wife of the murdered man, was arrested at the house of a friend at Beloit. She seemed to expect the arrest, and greeted the officers with the same coolness and almost brutal indifference which has characterized her actions ever since the murder was committed. At no time has she shown any grief at the death of her husband, and has most of the time shown a strange reticence to say anything about the matter. She was taken by the officers to the Goodwin house and was there confined in an upper room, with guards constantly standing watch over her. One of her daughters was allowed to remain with her.

It appears from statements on all sides and from admissions made by her that she has always shown a quarrelsome disposition, and has not lived happily with her husband though he is said to have been very peaceable and industrious, and by no means an unkind husband. She claims however, that within a month he has twice threatened to shoot her, and the row Friday night when she hit him over the head with a pitcher, was concerning the possession of his revolver which she had got away from him. She of course denies all knowledge as to how Mack came to his death.

THE HIRING MAN DICKINSON who was locked up in the jail appears much like a big blubbering calf. When first arrested he protested his innocence, and pitifully asked of every one who visited him how he could get out of the scrape, and what would be the result. He appeared greatly shaken, and to-day the pressure proved too great for human nature to endure and he told

THE STORY OF THE MURDER. under the questionings of District Attorney Sale, of this city, who went to Beloit this morning. The conference was a long one, and for a time seemed as though it would be fruitless, but at last Dickinson acknowledged that Mrs. Mack murdered her husband, in cold blood. The story as told by him is a sickening one, and it seems as if it were beyond belief, but so many corroborative circumstances surround the case that all suspicions are now fastened on

THE WIFE AS THE MURDERER. The story as told by Dickinson is to the effect that Mrs. Mack had wanted to get rid of her husband for a long time, and at last conceived the devilish plot which resulted in his death. He claims that she first managed to drag him with lardum and thus rendered him helpless and insensible, which accounts for the fact that the other hired man was awakened by no outcry or noise of any struggle. The more horrible part of the story follows, which is that the woman, inspired as it from hell itself, actually clubbed him to death, using as a weapon a hickory sled-stake. This same stake has been found near the barn. One end is covered with mud, and upon this mud are finger-marks, and also some blood. After the dragged man had been beaten and bruised with this horrible cudgel, until all signs of life had fled, the

MANGLED BODY WAS DRAINED into the stable, the door of which opens directly upon the stall where stood a perfectly gentle horse, which was never known to kick or show other unreasonableness. The body was placed in the stall, and the door closed. Dickinson professes to tell all that he knows about the murder, but insists that Mrs. Mack was the one who devised the hellish plot and who did the clubbing, though he was a party to the extent of sharing her confidence and helping her as far as she needed help. Dickinson will probably waive all examination and in order to get his confession in due shape, and to learn further particulars, Mrs. Mack's examination has been adjourned until Thursday morning. The PREMISES ARE BEING SEARCHED this afternoon, in the expectation of finding further proof to substantiate Dickinson's confession.

THE BODY IS TO BE EXHUMED and a post mortem examination held. The result of this examination will be looked for with interest as on it will depend a mass of testimony either corroborative of Dickinson's story of the dragging and clubbing, or else exploding it into fiction. This examination will be made at once.

Mrs. Mack is a large built looking woman bearing on her countenance the marks of a sensuous and passionate nature, and apparently possessing few of the qualities found in womanhood. She is about 35 years of age, and has been married to Mack fifteen years. Dickinson, the hired man, has a mother and sister living in Horicon. His stepfather is named Dr. Wood, and it is said that this son has not been able to live at home, on account of his quarrelsome disposition. He is not a hard looking fellow however, and it is the general opinion that his unholy love for the woman, led him into the crime, rather than any innate

ugliness. He professes to be ready to tell every detail of the bloody affair.

The confession has of course created a great sensation in Beloit, and will of course affect Mrs. Mack's trial greatly, as Dickinson will be used as a witness.

A NEW OFFER.

The City Council Receive Another Proposition to Build Water-Works.

A Mass Meeting Called to Discuss the Matter.

The Common Council at its meeting last evening, had one of the most important questions which has stirred the city during its history. Every property owner is financially interested in the question of water-works, and should watch closely every move which is made in any direction. If works are built it will necessarily involve a large amount of money, and necessitate many improvements in private property, and the action of the Council should be watched with eager eyes. Every citizen should post himself as thoroughly as possible on all the bearings of the question, and should read with care the various propositions and other documents as published from time to time in the Gazette.

In the Council proceedings given below will be found another proposition which is of no less importance than the other documents already made public, and it should be scanned closely.

THE COUNCIL.

The Common Council was convened in special session last evening at the City Hall, His Honor, Mayor Norcross, in the chair, and all the Aldermen present except Alderman Hemmings.

Mayor Norcross stated that he had called the meeting for the purpose of considering the subject of water-works.

Ald. Lawrence moved that the council now take up the original proposition of the Janesville Hydraulic and Manufacturing Company, made at a previous meeting, and placed in file. Adopted.

Ald. Fitzgibbon moved that the proposition be adopted.

Ald. Davies moved that the further consideration be postponed until the next meeting.

Ayes—Ald. Davies, Fitzgibbon—2. Noes—Ald. Church, Hutchinson, Joyce, Lawrence, McKinney, Wilcox—6. The motion was lost.

At the call of Alderman McKinney, the clerk read the proposition made some weeks since and published in the Gazette. The question was then taken on Alderman Fitzgibbon's motion, and, was lost by the following vote.

Ayes—Ald. Joyce—1. Noes—Ald. Church, Davies, Fitzgibbon, Hutchinson, Lawrence, McKinney, Wilcox—7.

Ald. Wilcox, chairman of the special committee to confer with the Janesville Hydraulic and Manufacturing Company, submitted the following proposition:

JANESVILLE, July 15th, 1918.

We submit the proposition of the Water Works Company without recommendation, for action of this Council:

JOHN T. WILCOX, H. D. MCKINNEY, F. S. LAWRENCE, S. HUTCHINSON, The following is the full text of the NEW PROPOSITION To the Honorable Common Council of the City of Janesville: GENTLEMEN:—The committee appointed by you, to consider the proposition of the Janesville Hydraulic and Manufacturing Company, to build water works in this city, made May 24th, 1918, having reported against the acceptance of the same, and in compliance with the recommendation to you the construction of similar works by the city with as little delay as possible, and the best results, the city may fairly be recommended to accept of those described in our proposition, can be constructed for the sum of \$20,000, and your committee having had an approximate estimate from a thoroughly reliable and competent hydraulic engineer, as stated in their report, to build such works for the sum of \$20,000, we therefore agree to enter into a contract with any thoroughly reliable and competent party or parties, the city may desire, to build the works as described in our former proposition, with one hundred (100) hydrants, under the direction and supervision of the city for the sum of \$20,000, the city to purchase the works at the cost price when completed. The company to assign its franchise, all its rights and privileges, without cost, and if the city do not choose to take the works at the time of completion, at the cost price, they pay to the company for the use of said one hundred hydrants the sum of \$5 each annually until the works are purchased by the city.

J. A. BLOUNT, Committee.

On motion of Ald. Lawrence the proposition was received and placed on file.

Ald. Lawrence moved that the proposition, together with the report of the Committee who visited Ottumwa, be placed before the meeting of citizens on Thursday evening. Adopted.

Mayor Norcross suggested that Lippin's Hall or the Opera House be secured to hold the citizens meeting in, but after a little informal conversation the matter was left in the hands of the Mayor.

THE MASS MEETING. It has been decided that the meeting of citizens next Thursday night shall be held in Lippin's hall, to discuss the water works question in all its bearings. The proposition laid before the Council last evening is a very important one, and there should be a general attendance of all property owners. The report of the committee will also be considered, and in fact the whole question thoroughly discussed. Let every one interested be there.

AN OLD MINNER.

George Benjamin is the name of a queer old man who has been in and about Janesville for some months, apparently homeless and friendless. He does not keep his toilet very tidy, and has a sallow way, which causes him to be generally shunned. For several Sundays he attended the Court Street church and insisted on occupying a front seat and owing to certain careless ways of arranging his dress he was deemed a good deal of a nuisance. He professes great piety, and told such a pitiful story in class-meeting that those present chipped in a quarter each to help him in his need. Finally he became such an annoyance on account of his peculiarities that he was promptly bounced by the ushers. Last week he hired out on the farm of Richard Hogan in LaPrairie. Hogan went off with a load

of hay laying the old man on the farm. On returning he found that the old sinner had insulted the women of the family, which so justly enraged Hogan that he drove the old fellow off the farm, and in doing so hit him once or twice, for which the old man had him arrested for assault. Hogan paid the costs, and yesterday turned the tables by having the old man arrested for his indecent conduct. The accused denied the charges until the women appeared this morning as witnesses, when he pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to forty days at hard work in jail.

SPORTING NOTES.

The Forest City of Rockford, will play the Actives of this city to-morrow afternoon at the Mutual Base Ball Park, game to be called at 3 o'clock.

The Milwaukee defeated the Providence Chicago yesterday by 14 to 8.

The Cincinnati defeated the Providence nine yesterday 13 to 9.

At Cleveland yesterday the Forest City scored 2 and the Stars 8.

At 10 o'clock last night Eanis in his walk at Buffalo, completed 105 miles without having left the track for a minute, it being a feat unequalled in a six-days' walk.

The Forest City of Rockford, who play the Actives here to-morrow, defeated the Symore club yesterday by a score of 14 to 0.

OXFORDVILLE.

It is no use to say it is hot for every one knows it. The C. F. feels it.

—A great Fourth of July school picnic on Phillips' hill being the only demonstration.

—Rye all in the shock; a fair crop. Tame hay heavy, though light. Wheat and oats promise a heavy yield. Corn never grew faster than it has for the last ten days. I am now, the 15th, looking out over a piece much of it standing six feet high, the tassels just beginning to appear.

—How are county politics in your burgh? Out this way they are just beginning to summer. Mr. B. F. Gifford, for over thirty years a resident of this town and for the last six years Deputy Sheriff, is, I understand, making a strong push for the Sheriff's office. All right, go in Ben, a fair fight and the strongest win. But hold on! (To the rest of the county)—Hans! Spring Valley a pretty strong claim to a county office, that of E. C. Smith County Treasurer for two years away back in the early fifties. And all this year he has been the unvarying banner Republican town of the county.

—Mr. R. B. Williams, of Janesville, has been canvassing the town at odd jobs for Johnson's Universal Encyclopedia (no double vowels in mine) with remarkably good success for a rural district. He has sold thirteen sets, and the town is not more than half canvassed.

—An occasional tramp to be seen, but not many so far this season.

—Fruit cans and "Standard A" in great demand about these days, but no apples.

Unwholesome Food.

By the unnatural combination by ignorant persons, for baking powders, they render the food very indigestible, as the chemical action in the stomach prevents their being digested. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is prepared by the application of scientific principles, forming a perfect powder.

CITY NOTICES.

—Strayed or Stolen from the subscriber on the 6th day of July, a white cow, long horns and a piece cut out of her ear. Any information in regard to said cow will be received by PAT. GRIFFIN, Janesville, Wis.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Ladies and Gents will always find the nicest and cheapest Box and Staple Stationery in the city and Sutherland's Bookstore, No 29 Main street.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House New York City.

The Ross Insurance Agency. Dimock & Hayner are agents for the oldest and strongest American and English Fire Insurance Companies. Among the lists are such companies as the Old Delta and Phoenix, of Hartford, the Home, Continental and Westchester, of New York, the Insurance Company of North America, Fire Association, Girard, American, Pennsylvania, and Franklin, of Philadelphia, the Liverpool and London and Globe, Imperial and Northern, and Commercial Union of England, and the Western Assurance and British America, of Canada, and others.

You can now get insurance in the above well known companies at the lowest possible figures. This being the case it would seem useless to throw away money upon weak and unknown companies. Get the best at the best rates.

Excessive Heat.

And unwholesome diet at this season of the year may speedily carry you to the grave. Parker's Ginger Tonic, by its corrective action on the entire digestive apparatus, will not only unfailingly cure Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Colic, Cramps, Spasms, etc., but will prevent those dangerous disorders from attacking the system. It may save your life, and should always be kept in the house. This pleasant remedy is unequalled for teething children, nursing mothers. Possessing many additional virtues of other valuable roots, it is far superior to Eucalyptus of Ginger, without their constipating effects, and while more invigorating than liquor never intoxicates, nor creates any desire for stimulants. It cures Dyspepsia, and its varied symptoms of Headache, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Wakefulness, Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Liver Disorders, Furred Tongue, Low Spirits, Neuritic and Rheumatic Pains, enables you to enjoy the fruits and vegetables of the season without fear, and gives comfort after a hearty meal. Buy a \$1.00 bottle of your druggist, A. J. Roberts, or a 50-cent bottle at 15 cents, and test its extraordinary merits. jydawdew

"Dobbins' Electric Soap."

Having obtained the agency of this celebrated Soap for Janesville and vicinity, I express the opinion of some of our best people to its merits. I have washed with "Dobbins' Electric Soap" made by L. Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and pronounce it the best soap I have ever used. The rapidity and ease with which it enables one to do one's washing is really surprising. Boiling the clothes is entirely unnecessary and no rubbing is needed. I would not be without it. I have no hesitation in saying that no housekeeper should be without Dobbins' Electric Soap. I can heartily recommend it, it is a charm in the wash-tub. ELIZA F. LELAND. As time, labor and money saving article, I take pleasure in recommending Dobbins' Electric Soap to my neighbors. It promises wonders and does all it promises. MARY YOUNG. I take pleasure in endorsing this Soap to the ladies, as we have just made arrangements with the manufacturers in Philadelphia, so that we can supply the trade at their lowest Philadelphia price. GEORGE W. HAWES, Sole Agent. Janesville, Wis.

Milwaukee Grain Market.

MILWAUKEE, July 15.
Flour—quiet and unchanged.
Wheat—weak; opened 1 1/2 cent lower and closed steady; No 1 Milwaukee hard \$1.02; No 1 Milwaukee 1; No 2 Milwaukee, 99¢; July 99¢; August 98¢; September 97¢; No 3 Milwaukee 94¢@97¢ cents.
CORN—No 2 38¢@40¢.
OATS—No 2 25¢.
RYE—No 1 50¢.
BARLEY—No 2 spring 62¢.
PORK—mess 9.57¢ cash.
LARD—prime steam 6.87¢@6.90¢.
CATTLE—Range at 4.25, 4.50 according to quality and grade.
DRESSED HOGS—3.90.
SHEEP—Range at 3.50 to 4.00 according to condition and weight.
SEEDS—Timothy 1.05¢@1.15¢; clover 4.35; beans—1.40.
BUTTER—Range from 18¢.
EGGS—94¢@95¢ fresh.
CHEESE—70¢ c.
HONEY—for comb, 15¢; for strained, 9¢.
Wool—Washed 30¢@31¢; unwashed 29¢@30¢; pulled 30¢@31¢; pulled 30¢@31¢.
TALLOW—66¢ c.
HOPS—New 2.25¢, old 2¢.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, July 15.
During the afternoon the grain markets were firm and fairly active.
Winter wheat was in demand, and cash sales were made of 1 car No 1 red at 95 cents, and 15 cars No 2 red at 92 cents.
No 3 Spring wheat was higher, seller July selling at 91 1/2¢, 91 1/4¢ cents and closing at 94 1/2¢ cents. Seller August sold at 85 1/2¢@86 1/4¢ cents and closed at 85 cents. Seller September sold at 84 1/2¢ cents.
Flour—the sales on Monday, amounted to 75 barrels of white, winter extras; 200 sacks and 75 barrels of spring extras; and 75 barrels of rye. The general market was quiet, with prices unchanged, as follows: Choice and fancy white winter extras, 5.75¢@6.00; fancy western spring extras, 5.75¢; choice to fancy Minnesota spring extras, 5.45¢@5.60; most Minnesota spring extras, 4.95¢@5.00; rye flour 7.50¢@7.55¢.
CORN—36¢@37¢ cash.
OATS—25¢@26¢ cash.
RYE—No 2, 50¢.
BARLEY—New No 2 43¢@45¢.
PORK—cash 9.57¢@9.59¢.
LARD—cash 6.87¢@6.90¢.
LIVE HOGS—4.20¢@4.25¢ according to grade.
BUTTER—1.05¢.
HOPS—60¢@6.25¢.
HONEY—70¢ c.
SUGAR—Granulated, 10¢@10 1/2¢ cents; standard A 9 1/2¢@9 3/4¢ cents.
EGGS—Fresh 70¢@72¢.
BUTTER—17¢@19 1/2¢ according to quality.
POULTRY—turkeys 70¢; chickens at 5.00¢@5.25¢ per dozen.
BEANS—Good mediums \$1.50¢@1.60¢ per bushels and layers 1.70¢@1.80¢.
BROOM CORN—5¢@5.25¢, according to quality.
FEATHERS—Prime live geese, 42¢@43¢; live duck, 25¢.
TALLOW—6 1/2¢@6 3/4¢ No 1.
WOOL—Washed 30¢@31¢; unwashed 28¢@29¢; pulled 30¢@31¢; pulled 30¢@31¢.
Washed, fair to good, 31¢@32¢.

New York Grain and Produce Market.

NEW YORK, July 15.
Flour—sales 13,000 barrels; an easy market; sales 2,000 barrels western at 4.75¢@4.80¢ extra and family, 1,500 barrels clear Minnesota at 4.15¢@4.17¢, 1,000 barrels straight do at 4.05¢@4.10¢; 100 barrels patent at 6.75¢; 600 barrels No 2 at 4.00¢@4.10¢; 400 barrels superfine 3.40¢@3.50¢.
Wheat—sales 20,000 bushels; an easier and duller market, buyers and sellers being 10¢ cents apart, except on No 1 spring spot and No 2 red at 1.00¢; No 3 Chicago bid 1.03¢@1.04¢; to arrive at 1.10¢; No 2 Chicago bid 1.03¢@1.04¢; and 1.05¢ asked; No 2 Milwaukee 1.04¢ bid, 1.05¢ asked; 10,000 bushels No 2 September red at 1.01¢.
COTTON—Memphis quotation 11¢.
CORN—50¢ western.
OATS—37¢ white western.
RICE—western 9 1/2¢.
BARLEY—41¢.
POKE—10.50¢ mess @.
LARD—2.25¢.
HAY—Shipping 45¢@50¢.
COIN MEAL—1.15¢@1.20¢.
WHISKY—61¢@62¢.
SUGAR—firm but quiet; refining 3.16¢@3.20¢.
MOLASSES—New Orleans 25¢@26¢.
PETROLEUM—40¢ crude; refined 10¢@10 1/2¢.
LATHING—60¢@61¢.
ROBIN—1.47¢@1.50¢.
WOOL—Washed, fleece 30¢@31¢; pulled 18¢@19¢.
TALLOW—12¢@13¢; unwashed 10¢@11¢.
COFFEE—Rio 15¢@16¢ gold; jobbing 18¢@19¢ indigo.
TALLOW—Firm; 6 1/2¢@6 3/4¢.
EGGS—30¢@31¢.
BUTTER—Western 62¢@63¢.
NATURALINE—29¢.
KAUPE—35¢.
HOPS—Western 70¢@71¢.
BEEF—Western 19¢.
RICE—64¢@65¢.

New York Monetary Market.

NEW YORK, July 15.
Money; 2 1/2¢ per cent.
Sterling exchange bankers' bills 48 1/2¢; sight exchange on New York 4.57.
Gold 100¢.
Silver 1/2¢@1 1/4¢ per cent discount.
Governments firm.
State bonds steady.
Stocks strong.

CHICAGO MEDICAL COLLEGE

Medical Department of N. W. University
20th Annual Session begins Oct. 1st, '18
For information, or Admission, apply to
Dr. J. M. HOLLISTER,
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Mrs. KATE HEITMANN.

Mid-Wife,
Is a Regular Graduate of the
St. Louis Eclectic Medical College,
CUTTING AND VACCINATING.
No. 12, Locust Street, Janesville, Wis.
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F. A. BENNETT'S

Marble Works.
Having obtained the agency of this celebrated Soap for Janesville and vicinity, I express the opinion of some of our best people to its merits. I have washed with "Dobbins' Electric Soap" made by L. Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and pronounce it the best soap I have ever used. The rapidity and ease with which it enables one to do one's washing is really surprising. Boiling the clothes is entirely unnecessary and no rubbing is needed. I would not be without it. I have no hesitation in saying that no housekeeper should be without Dobbins' Electric Soap. I can heartily recommend it, it is a charm in the wash-tub. ELIZA F. LELAND. As time, labor and money saving article, I take pleasure in recommending Dobbins' Electric Soap to my neighbors. It promises wonders and does all it promises. MARY YOUNG. I take pleasure in endorsing this Soap to the ladies, as we have just made arrangements with the manufacturers in Philadelphia, so that we can supply the trade at their lowest Philadelphia price. GEORGE W. HAWES, Sole Agent. Janesville, Wis.

Take Comfort

Until July 25th, I will sell
The Economist Oil Stove!
At 10 per cent. Discount, making
SINGLE TRIMMED COMPLETE \$9.00
DOUBLE TRIMMED COMPLETE \$15.00

35 ALREADY SOLD!
It has no Rival and Knows no Competitor
Every Stove gives satisfaction or no sale. Headquarters, Belting, Lace Leather, Haying Tools, etc.
26 MAIN STREET, G. M. HANCOCK.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS!
IN
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
CENTENNIAL STORE
NO 17 AND 19, MAIN STREET.

We beg to inform the Ladies of Janesville and vicinity that we have this week received some great bargains in the following goods: Job lot of Ladies' and Children's Linen and Cambric Suits!

In prices from \$1.00 to \$10.00 each.
JOB LOT OF Ladies' Gents, and Children's Hose!

500 Dozen from 5 cents to \$1.00 per pair.
JOB LOT OF SILK AND GINGHAM PARASOLS

In Prices from 10 Cents to \$5.00 Each.
JOB LOT OF SILK CAMBRIC AND PAPER FANS,

In prices from 5 Cents to \$2.00 Each.
JOB LOT OF SILK AND LISLE THREAD GLOVES!

In 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 Buttons.
Our stock of Millinery Goods will be found second to none in the State. And we are selling them at prices to suit every one. J. & D. CHRISTIANSON, 17 Main Street, Janesville, Wis. myslaw-dawdew

WAR DECLARED---McCLERNAN & CO.
READY FOR ACTION.

T. McClernan having just returned from the Eastern Markets with a large stock of Spring and Summer Dry Goods which he bought at unprecedented low prices for cash. Therefore we wish to say to our friends and the public in general that we will sell at prices that will defy competition.

WE WILL

Sell Plain & Plaid Dress Goods

At 3 and 10 cents per yard. We will also sell Colored Alpaca, Poplin and Dribbles for 15 cents per yard. We call the ladies' attention to the above figures as well as to our line of double width black alpaca for 25 cents per yard. We will sell black cashmeres 15¢ per yard, less than any other house in the West. Come and examine our stock of

SPRING SHAWLS

Commencing at 75 cents, \$1.00 and upwards. A large importation of Paisley and Broche shawls from \$5.00 up to any price to suit our customers. Our print department speaks for itself, for the ladies say it is the nearest and most select in the city, and we will sell the best for 6¢ cents.

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Is complete, and prices lower than ever. Bleached and brown sheetings as low as 5 cents per yard. Ticks, Denims, Cheviot Stripes, Checks, Gingham, Kentucky Jeans, Twedes, Casimere and Flannels of all shades in proportion. Ladies' spring shirts, for 50 cents. Shirting, curtain laces, double stamped table spreads, overalls and jumpers, the latter at 50 cents. Black velvet and silk velvet ribbons.

OUR NOTION DEPARTMENT

Is replete with the latest novelties in Huffs, Rouches, Queen Bee collarettes, Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, Ladies' and Gents' silk Handker